

Antonio Gramsci 1891 1937

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Antonio Gramsci 1891 1937

Antonio Francesco Gramsci (UK: / ' g r æ m f i /, US: / ' g r a: m f i /; Italian: [an'tɔ:njo fran'tʃesko 'gramfʃi] ()); 22 January 1891 - 27 April 1937) was an Italian Marxist philosopher, journalist, linguist, writer and politician. He wrote on philosophy, political theory, sociology, history and linguistics. He was a founding member and one-time leader of the Communist Party ...

Antonio Gramsci - Wikipedia

Antonio Gramsci [an'tɔ:njo 'gramfʃi Antonio Gramsci? / i] (* 22. Januar 1891 in Ales auf Sardinien; † 27. April 1937 in Rom) war

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ein italienischer Schriftsteller, Journalist, Politiker und marxistischer Philosoph. Er gehört zu den Begründern der Kommunistischen Partei Italiens (Partito Comunista Italiano), deren Generalsekretär (Vorsitzender) er von 1924 bis 1927 war.

Antonio Gramsci - Wikipedia

Antonio Francesco Gramsci (Italiano: [an'tɔːnjo 'gramʃi] (escutar (ajuda · info)); Ales, 22 de janeiro de 1891 — Roma, 27 de abril de 1937) foi um filósofo marxista, jornalista, crítico literário, linguista, historiador e político italiano. Escreveu sobre teoria política, sociologia, antropologia, história e linguística. Foi membro-fundador e secretário-geral do Partido ...

Antonio Gramsci - Wikipédia, a enciclopédia livre

Antonio Gramsci, (born Jan. 23, 1891, Ales, Sardinia, Italy—died April 27, 1937, Rome), intellectual and politician, a founder of the Italian Communist Party whose ideas greatly influenced

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Italian communism.. In 1911 Gramsci began a brilliant scholastic career at the University of Turin, where he came in contact with the Socialist Youth Federation and joined the Socialist Party (1914).

Antonio Gramsci | Italian politician | Britannica

Antonio Gramsci, nome completo, così come registrato nell'atto di battesimo, Antonio Sebastiano Francesco Gramsci (Ales, 22 gennaio 1891 - Roma, 27 aprile 1937), è stato un politico, filosofo, politologo, giornalista, linguista e critico letterario italiano. Nel 1921 fu tra i fondatori del Partito Comunista d'Italia, divenendone esponente di primo piano e segretario dal 1924 al 1927, ma nel ...

Antonio Gramsci - Wikipedia

Antonio Gramsci Écouter, né le 22 janvier 1891 à Ales et mort le 27 avril 1937 à Rome, est un philosophe, écrivain et théoricien

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politique italien.. Membre fondateur du Parti communiste italien, dont il est un temps à la tête, il est emprisonné par le régime mussolinien de 1926 à sa mort. En tant qu'intellectuel marxiste, il a notamment développé une théorie de l'hégémonie ...

Antonio Gramsci — Wikipédia

ANTONIO GRAMSCI (1891-1937) Attilio Monasta1 Muchos intelectuales italianos que han dejado huella en la historia de Europa pasaron parte de sus vidas, y escribieron sus mejores trabajos, en la cárcel o en el exilio. Cuanto más importantes eran sus reflexiones y acciones para el desarrollo cultural y educativo de la población, más

Antonio Gramsci - International Bureau of Education

Antonio Gramsci (Ales, Sardinië, 22 januari 1891 – Rome, 27 april 1937) was een Italiaans schrijver, politicus en politiek theoreticus. Hij was mede-oprichter en eerste leider van de

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Italiaanse Communistische Partij (Partito Comunista Italiano, PCI). Door zijn theorieën over de rol van cultuur en leiderschap in de politieke strijd geldt hij als een originele en invloedrijke denker, zowel ...

Antonio Gramsci - Wikipedia

Antonio Gramsci [an'tɔ?:njo 'gra:mʃ? i] (Ales, Cerdeña, 22 de enero de 1891 - Roma, 27 de abril de 1937) fue un filósofo, teórico marxista, político, sociólogo y periodista italiano. Escribió sobre teoría política, sociología, antropología y lingüística. Fue uno de los fundadores del Partido Comunista Italiano, creado en 1921, y después secretario y una de las figuras de primer ...

Antonio Gramsci - Wikipedia, la enciclopedia libre

Gramsci wrote in the 1930s of a “war of position” for socialists and communists to subvert Western culture from the inside. The Italian communist (1891 - 1937) is credited with the blueprint

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that has served as the foundation for the Cultural Marxist movement in modern America.

Antonio Gramsci: the Godfather of Cultural Marxism

Gramsci was born in Sardinia in 1891. He attended the University of Turin on scholarship and joined the Socialist Party there in 1914. While in Turin he made a name for himself as a journalist and leader in Turin's factory council movement.

Gramsci and the War of Position — War of Position

Portrait of Antonio Gramsci around 30 in the early 20s/ public domain. Italian Communist thinker, activist, and political leader Antonio Gramsci (1891-1937) is perhaps the theorist most closely associated with the concept of hegemony.

Hegemony in Gramsci - Postcolonial Studies

Antonio Gramsci. Intelectual y activista político italiano, fundador

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del Partido Comunista (Ales, Cerdeña, 1891 - Roma, 1937). Gracias al apoyo de su hermano y a su capacidad intelectual superó las dificultades producidas por su deformidad física (era jorobado) y por la pobreza de su familia (desde que su padre fuera encarcelado, acusado de malversación de fondos).

Biografía de Antonio Gramsci - Biografias y Vidas .com

Gramsci (1891-1937) was the first leader of the Italian Communist Party during the 20s. He introduced the concept of hegemony or ideological and moral leadership of society, to explain how the ruling class maintains its position and argued that the proletariat must develop its own 'counter-hegemony' (or alternative set of ideas) to win leadership of...

Gramsci's Humanist Marxism - ReviseSociology

Antonio Gramsci (1891-1937) fue un periodista y activista italiano conocido y célebre por desarrollar los roles de la cultura

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y la educación dentro de las teorías de economía, política y clase del marxismo. Gramsci nació en la isla de Cerdeña en 1891 y creció en la pobreza entre los campesinos de la isla, y su experiencia de las ...

Antonio Gramsci: biografía de este filósofo marxista

Antonio Gramsci (1891-1937)

Antonio Gramsci (1891-1937) fue un filósofo marxista italiano. Su obra se centra en el análisis de la cultura y la política, y su pensamiento ha sido fundamental para el desarrollo del marxismo occidental. ...

Antonio Gramsci - Wikipedia

Antonio Gramsci nasceu em 23 de janeiro de 1891 em Ales, província de Cagliari, na Ilha de Sardenha. Filho de uma família humilde e numerosa, já na infância Gramsci foi diagnosticado com uma doença que o deixou corcunda e prejudicou seu crescimento.

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Antonio Gramsci - Biografia, Resumo, Frases, Livros

Antonio Gramsci (1891-1937), the theoretician of cultural hegemony In the historical writing of the 19th century, the denotation of hegemony extended to describe the predominance of one country upon other countries; and, by extension, hegemonism denoted the Great Power politics (c. 1880s - 1914) for establishing hegemony (indirect imperial ...

Hegemony - Wikipedia

Antonio Gramsci Quando 1891 - 1937 Movimento Comunista
Pensiero filosofico Marxismo Opere principali Lettere dal carcere
...

Antonio Gramsci: biografia, pensiero e libri | Studenti.it

Italian Antonio Gramsci (1891-1937), writing in the 1920s and 30s, adapted Marxism for the West. Gramsci (along with other communist supporters) saw that classical Marxism was not going

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to work in the West. His revision of Marxism is called Neo-Marxism or “cultural Marxism.” Why communism would not work in the West

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